Rommel's Desert Warriors: A Photographic Journey Through the North African Campaign

Rommel's Desert Warriors 1941 1942 Stackpole Military Photo Series is a stunning collection of rare and unpublished photographs that capture the experiences of the German Afrika Korps during the North African Campaign of World War II.



Rommel's Desert Warriors: 1941-1942 (Stackpole Military Photo Series) by Michael Olive

4.4 out of 5

Language : English

File size : 70295 KB

Text-to-Speech : Enabled

Screen Reader : Supported

Enhanced typesetting : Enabled

Word Wise : Enabled

Print length : 383 pages



The book features over 200 photographs, many of which have never been published before. The images depict the Afrika Korps in action, from their early victories in 1941 to their eventual defeat in 1943. The photographs capture the harsh conditions of the desert warfare, the camaraderie of the German soldiers, and the determination of their leader, Erwin Rommel.

Rommel's Desert Warriors is a unique and valuable resource for historians, military enthusiasts, and anyone interested in the Second World War. The book provides a rare glimpse into the lives of the German soldiers who

fought in the North African Campaign, and it offers a new perspective on one of the most fascinating and tragic conflicts of the war.

The Afrika Korps

The Afrika Korps was a German expeditionary force that was sent to North Africa in 1941 to support the Italian army. The Afrika Korps was commanded by Erwin Rommel, one of the most skilled and respected generals of the Second World War.

The Afrika Korps quickly achieved a series of victories against the British and Commonwealth forces in North Africa. Rommel's forces captured Tobruk, the key British stronghold in Libya, and they advanced deep into Egypt. However, the Afrika Korps was eventually defeated by the British at the Second Battle of El Alamein in 1942.

The Afrika Korps was a formidable fighting force, and its defeat was a major setback for the Axis powers. The book Rommel's Desert Warriors provides a fascinating look at the Afrika Korps and its role in the North African Campaign.

Erwin Rommel

Erwin Rommel was one of the most successful and respected generals of the Second World War. He was known for his brilliant tactical skills and his ability to motivate his troops. Rommel was also a master of propaganda, and he used his image to create a cult of personality around himself.

Rommel was born in Heidenheim, Germany, in 1891. He joined the German army in 1910, and he served with distinction in the First World

War. After the war, Rommel remained in the army, and he rose through the ranks quickly.

In 1940, Rommel was appointed to command the 7th Panzer Division. He led the division to victory in the Battle of France, and he was promoted to the rank of general. In 1941, Rommel was sent to North Africa to command the Afrika Korps.

The Afrika Korps quickly achieved a series of victories against the British and Commonwealth forces in North Africa. Rommel's forces captured Tobruk, the key British stronghold in Libya, and they advanced deep into Egypt. However, the Afrika Korps was eventually defeated by the British at the Second Battle of El Alamein in 1942.

After the defeat of the Afrika Korps, Rommel was transferred to command the Army Group B in Italy. He was promoted to the rank of field marshal in 1944. Rommel played a key role in the defence of Italy against the Allied invasion. He was forced to surrender to the Allies in May 1945.

Rommel was a brilliant military commander, and he was one of the most popular generals in the German army. He was also a controversial figure, and he was accused of war crimes by the Allies. Rommel committed suicide in 1944 to avoid being tried for war crimes.

The North African Campaign

The North African Campaign was a major theatre of operations during the Second World War. The campaign began in 1940, when Italy invaded Egypt from Libya. The British and Commonwealth forces responded by

launching a counter-offensive, and they eventually drove the Italians out of Egypt.

In 1941, the Germans sent the Afrika Korps to North Africa to support the Italian army. The Afrika Korps quickly achieved a series of victories against the British and Commonwealth forces. Rommel's forces captured Tobruk, the key British stronghold in Libya, and they advanced deep into Egypt.

However, the Afrika Korps was eventually defeated by the British at the Second Battle of El Alamein in 1942. The British and Commonwealth forces then launched a counter-offensive, and they eventually drove the Axis forces out of North Africa.

The North African Campaign was a long and bloody conflict. The fighting was often intense, and the conditions were harsh. The campaign was a major turning point in the Second World War, and it helped to pave the way for the Allied victory.

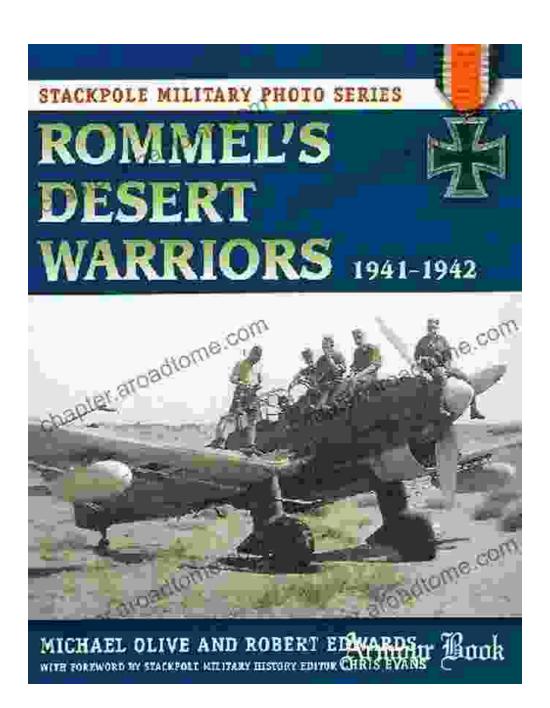
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